

b) Consider a time-of-flight experiment. A 50 kDa protein with a single charge arrives in 28 μ s in a time-of-flight experiment. What is the estimated mass of a protein that arrives in 18 μ s and is known by other means to have twice the charge as the 50 kDa protein?

Note: kinetic energy KE = (Ze)Es or zV; $(m/z) = 2V(t/D)^2$, or $m = [2V(1/D)^2] z t^2$.

Ligand Binding (2/1)

- a) A dialysis equilibrium experiment is carried out using a radiolabelled ligand with the following results being obtained: At equilibrium the total concentrations of protein and ligand inside the dialysis tubing are 4.0 microM and 3.6 microM respectively; and the concentration of ligand in buffer outside dialysis tubing is 0.4 microM. Assuming a single binding site, the value of Kd calculated from these results is
- b) Which ligand binding method would provide thermodynamic information in addition to determining the binding constant?
 - A) Equilibrium dialysis B) Pulse chase C) SPR D) ITC E) Fast kinetics

X-ray (2/2/3)

- a) Consider the following illustration of a unit cell where the "**a**" axis is vertical and the "**b**" axis horizontal. Identify the Miller indices associated with the Bragg planes shown in the blanks provided.
- (2)



b) Consider the following two illustrations of packed birds. In Figure A consider the three types of birds (different colors or shades of gray) to be different. In Figure B consider all the birds to be identical. Indicate by **drawing solid lines on each figure** the "best" choice for the **smallest unit cell** in each system, and then answer the questions below.



c) Given that a "reciprocal lattice" shows three, orthogonal reciprocal lattice vectors belonging to a tetragonal space group with the following diffraction data measurements, calculate the lattice constants and volume of this tetragonal unit cell. (Assume $\lambda = 0.154$ nm).

	<u>hkl</u>	<u>20</u>	a =
(3)			b =
	8 8 0	26.79°	c =
	0 0 19	26.79°	V =

EM (1/1)

(2)

NMR (2/2)

a) A sample containing 1,000,000 identical nuclei (I = 1) is placed in a magnetic field of 10 Tesla at a temperature of 20 °C. The gyromagnetic ratio for this nucleus is 3.333×10^7 rad/sec-T. Which of the numbers below would be the best guess as to approximate the number of nuclei in the **upper-most** energy state?

0.			
A) 500,050	C) 333,000	E) 249,950	G) 166,000
B) 0	D) 1,000,000	F) 500,000	H) 499,950

